DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR U.S. GEOLOGICAL SURVEY Tgp Tgp Tgp Tgp UINTAHAND Tgp Tgp Tgp 628000m.E. 109°30′ 623 (TENMILE CANYON 1:62 500) 4062 1 Base from U.S. Geological Survey, 1966 Geology mapped in 1983-1984 SCALE 1:24 000 CONTOUR INTERVAL 40 FEET

DOTTED LINES REPRESENT 20-FOOT CONTOURS

NATIONAL GEODETIC VERTICAL DATUM OF 1929

UTM GRID AND 1966 MAGNETIC NORTH DECLINATION AT CENTER OF SHEET CORRELATION OF MAP UNITS

Qal Holocene QUATERNARY

Tgp

Tgp

Tgd

Tw

DESCRIPTION OF MAP UNITS

ALLUVIUM AND COLLUVIUM (HOLOCENE)--Includes unconsolidated gravel, sand, silt, and clay in alluvial, colluvial, and fan deposits GREEN RIVER FORMATION (EOCENE) Parachute Creek Member--Consists mostly of siltstone and claystone, as well as barren marlstone, sandstone, altered tuff beds, slightly bituminous sandstone, and a few beds of oil shale. Unit generally weathers light gray to tan in rounded slopes and hills; lower part forms cliffs and ledges in western and southern parts of quadrangle. Unit becomes less sandy and contains more marlstone and siltstone to northeast. Mahogany ledge (Mahogany zone in subsurface), which contains richest oilshale beds in Parachute Creek Member, is basal unit of member. Consists of dark-gray to black oil shale interbedded with thin tuff beds and medium- to dark-gray silty marlstone. Mahogany ledge is about 19 ft (6 m) thick in northern and western parts of quadrangle; that part which has an average shale-oil yield of 25 gallons per ton (104 liters per metric ton) is about 11 ft (3 m) thick and thins to southeast to 3 ft (1 m). Bituminous sandstone beds occur above and below Mahogany ledge. Only lowermost 350 ft (107 m) of Parachute Creek Member exposed in northwestern corner of quadrangle Horse Bench Sandstone Bed--Base of a finegrained tuffaceous sandstone and siltstone unit within Parachute Creek Member.

Weathers brownish tan to yellowish orange. Forms prominent bench in northwestern part

top. Top of Horse Bench Sandstone Bed is

approximately 360 ft (110 m) above base of Parachute Creek Member. Ranges in thickness

Top of Mahogany bed--Richest oil-shale bed within Mahogany ledge. Consists of dark-

gray to black oil shale interbedded with thin tuff beds. Weathers light gray to brown. Basal contact of Parachute Creek Member lies 13 to 15 ft (4 to 4.5 m) below

top of Mahogany bed and is not shown on map. Thickness of Mahogany bed ranges from about 5 ft (1.5 m) in northwestern part of

quadrangle to 3 ft (1 m) in southeastern

of quadrangle. Uneven base and smooth

from 3 to 23 ft (1 to 7 m)

sandstone, dark-brown bituminous sandstone, gray siltstone, green and maroon mudstone, stromatolitic and ostracodal limestone, and a few thin dark-gray oil-shale beds. Most sandstone and limestone beds are ledge formers, whereas siltstone and mudstone beds form slopes and reentrants. Unit includes in its lower part alluvial sandstone and siltstone beds previously mapped as part of the Renegade Tongue of the Wasatch Formation by Cashion (1967). Upper 800 ft (244 m) of member exposed in quadrangle. Thickness of Douglas Creek Member from geophysical logs is approximately 1,900 ft (580 m)

WASATCH FORMATION (EOCENE)

Tw Wasatch Formation—Shown on cross section only. Irregularly bedded sandstone, siltstone, and shale. Intertongues with Green River Formation

Douglas Creek Member--Consists of fine-grained

to very fine grained grayish-brown

_____ CONTACT--Dashed where approximately located

bed. Dashed where Mahogany bed eroded.
Contour interval 100 ft (30 m). Datum is
mean sea level

OIL-SHALE CORE HOLE--Results of drilling shown
in Cashion (1981). Number keyed to list of
drill holes

-7000 - STRUCTURE CONTOURS--Drawn on top of Mahogany

DRY HOLE--Number keyed to list of drill holes

GAS WELL--Includes shut-in, producing, and

abandoned wells at time of mapping (1983-1984). Number keyed to list of drill holes

REFERENCES CITED

Cashion, W.B., 1967, Geology and fuel resources of the Green River Formation, southeastern Uinta Basin, Utah and Colorado: U.S. Geological Survey Professional Paper 548, 48 p.

1981, Results of core drilling in the Mahogany zone and some adjacent beds of the Green River Formation,

Winter Ridge area, southeastern Uinta Basin, Utah: U.S. Geological Survey Open-File Report 81-175, 27 p.

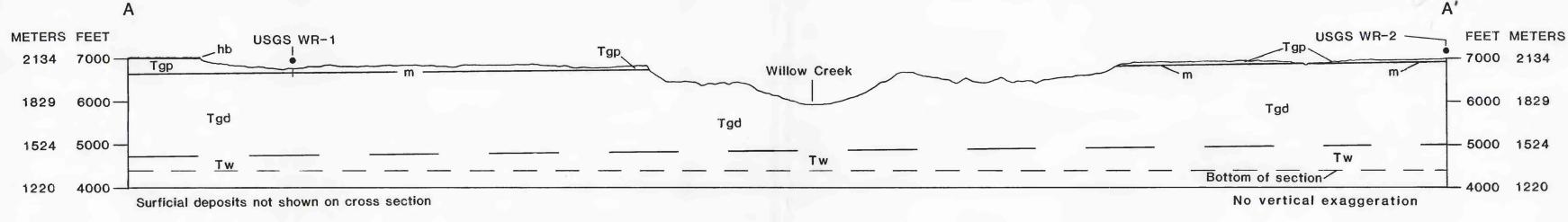
DRILL HOLES IN THE WOLF POINT QUADRANGLE, UINTAH COUNTY, UTAH

[USGS, U.S. Geological Survey. Leaders (--), data not available.

1 ft=0.304 m]

Drill hole number (on map)	Drilling company	Drill hole name ¹	Total depth (feet)
1	USGS	USGS WR-1 (No. U94)	100
2	Continental Oil Co.	Bull Canyon No. 2	
2 3	Coseka Resources	Pine Spgs. No. 6-7-14-22	
4 5	Coseka Resources	Pine Spgs. No. 12-18-14-22	
5	USGS	USGS WR-2 (No. U95)	
6	Exxon USA	Wolf Point No. 1	10,300
7	USGS	USGS WR-7 (No. U100)	98
8	Coseka Resources	Federal No. 3-11-15-21	
8 9	Coseka Resources	Federal No. 7-15-15-21	
10	Coseka Resources	Federal No. 6-14-15-21	
11	Coseka Resources	Federal No. 5-13-15-21	
12	USGS	USGS WR-3 (No. U96)	160

¹Numbers in parentheses are keyed to USGS data-bank file.



PRELIMINARY GEOLOGIC MAP OF THE WOLF POINT QUADRANGLE, UINTAH COUNTY, UTAH

By

Richard W. Scott, Jr., and Michael P. Pantea

1986